

SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: AFB Decolorizer, Ziehl Neelsen SYNONYMS: None PRODUCT CODES: ES847, ES857 (AFB stain kit, Ziehl Neelsen)

MANUFACTURER: Azer Scientific, Inc. ADDRESS: 701 Hemlock Rd, Morgantown, PA 19543

CHEMTREC PHONE:800-424-9300SUPPORT:610-524-5810FAX:610-901-3046

PRODUCT USE: Laboratory Reagent **PREPARED BY:** CB

SECTION 1 NOTES:

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS CLASSIFICATION: Flammable liquid Category 2, Acute Toxicity, Dermal Category 3; Acute Toxicity, Inhalation Category 3; Acute Toxicity, Oral Category 3; Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure (CNS, optic nerve, respiratory system) Category 1 Reproductive Toxicity Category 1



Signal Word: Danger!

Hazard Phrases	
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H301+H311	Toxic if swallowed or in contact with skin.
H370	Causes damage to organs.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary Phra	ses
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210	Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking.
P260	Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapors/ spray.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P280	Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection.
P263	Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing.
P264	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P301+P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.
P304+P311	IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.
P403+P233	Store in a well- ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.



P405	Store leaked up
P405	Store locked up.

	SECTION 3: COMPO	SITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS
INGREDIENT:	<u>CAS NO.</u>	<u>% WT</u>
Methanol	67-56-1	<93
Hydrochloric Acid	7647-01-0	~3
Water	7732-18-5	~4

SECTION 3 NOTES:

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

- **EYES:** Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.
- **SKIN:** In case of contact, flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical if irritation develops.
- **INGESTION:** Call medical doctor or poison control center immediately. Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.
- **INHALATION:** Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention if symptomatic.

SECTION 4 NOTES:

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

FLAMMABILITY OF THE PRODUCT: Flammable liquid FLASH POINT: Not available AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: Not available

NFPA HAZARD CLASSIFICATION HEALTH:2 FLAMMABILITY: 3 REACTIVITY: 0 OTHER:

HMIS HAZARD CLASSIFICATION HEALTH:2 FLAMMABILITY: 3 REACTIVITY: 0 PROTECTION:

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide

NOT SUITABLE: Do not use water jet.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: Flammable liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Run-off to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.



HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Oxides of carbon expected to be the primary combustion product.

SECTION 5 NOTES: Vapor may cause flash fire. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES:

Small spill and leak: Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container.

Large spill and leak: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

SECTION 6 NOTES:

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING: Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated.

STORAGE: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container, protected from direct sunlight. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

SECTION 7 NOTES:

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROL/PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: General mechanical ventilation or laboratory fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and quick drench showers are close to the workstation.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

EYE PROTECTION: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. Recommended: splash goggles

SKIN PROTECTION: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Recommended: lab coat

HANDS: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Recommended: Neoprene

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.



WORK HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing.

EXPOSURE GUIDELINES:

OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs):

Reagent	CAS#	OSHA PEL TWA	Note
Methyl Alcohol	67-56-1	200ppm (260 mg/m ³)	Absorbed through skin.
Hydrochloric Acid	7647-01-0	5 ppm Ceiling	

ACGIH Threshold Limit values (TLVs):

Reagent	CAS#	ACGIH PEL TWA	ACGIH STEL	Note
Methyl Alcohol	67-56-1	200ppm (260	250ppm (328	Absorbed through skin.
		mg/m ³)	mg/m ³)	
Hydrochloric Acid	7647-01-0	2 ppm Ceiling		

SECTION 8 NOTES:

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

APPEARANCE: Clear ODOR: Alcohol like PHYSICAL STATE: liquid pH AS SUPPLIED: Not available BOILING POINT: 64.5°C MELTING POINT: Not available FREEZING POINT: -97.8C (-144F) VAPOR PRESSURE (mmHg): 12.9 IPa (97 mm Hg) VAPOR DENSITY (AIR = 1): 1.11 [Air=1] EVAPORATION RATE: 2.1 (butyl acetate=1) SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Soluble in water MOLECULAR WEIGHT: Mixture VISCOSITY: Not established

SECTION 9 NOTES:

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY: Product is stable under normal conditions of use.
CONDITIONS TO AVOID (STABILITY): Avoid heat, sparks, flames, and all other sources of ignition.
INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIAL TO AVOID): Oxidizing agents, strong acids and bases.
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION OR BY-PRODUCTS: Thermal breakdown of this product during fire or very high heat conditions may evolve the following decomposition products: oxides of carbon.
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: No hazardous polymerization
CONDITIONS TO AVOID (POLYMERIZATION): N/A

SECTION 10 NOTES:

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Oral: Methyl Alcohol: LD50 (oral, mouse) = 0.4 g/kg, LD50 (oral, rat) = 6.2-13 g/kg LD50 (oral, rabbit) = 14.4 g/kg LDlo (Oral, human) 143 mg/kg (Signs and symptoms of dyspnea and GI disturbances such as nausea, vomiting and diarrhea)



Hydrochloric Acid: LD50 (oral, rat) = 700 mg/kg Inhalation: Methyl Alcohol: LC50 (Inhalation, rat) = 128.2 mg/l 4 hrs; LC50 (Inhalation, rat) = 87.6 mg/l 6 hrs Dermal LD50: Methyl Alcohol: Rabbit LD50 =17,100 mg/kg Hydrochloric Acid: Rabbit LD50 = 5,010 mg/kg Skin corrosion/irritation: No data available Eyes: No data available Respiratory or skin sensitization: No data available Germ cell mutagenicity: No data available Carcinogenicity: Methyl Alcohol: NIOSH: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen ACGIH: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen NTP: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen IARC: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen Hydrochloric Acid: NIOSH: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen ACGIH: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen NTP: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen IARC: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen Potential health effects Inhalation Harmful if inhaled. Causes respiratory tract irritation.

Ingestion Toxic if swallowed.

Skin Toxic if absorbed through skin. Causes skin irritation.

Eyes Causes eye irritation

ROUTES OF ENTRY: Skin/eye contact, inhalation, and ingestion. TARGET ORGANS: Eyes, Respiratory system SECTION 11 NOTES:

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

TOXICITY:

Acute fish Toxicity (Hydrochloric Acid) LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) 282 mg/l 96hr PERSISTANCE AND DEGRADABILITY: Biodegradation is expected BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL: Bioaccumulation is unlikely. MOBILITY IN SOIL: No data available PBT and vPvB ASSESSMENT: Not required.

SECTION 12 NOTES:

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD: Unused product: dispose as a regulated hazardous waste. Spent product or spill clean up-follow all provincial, local, state, and federal regulations.

RCRA HAZARD CLASS: Not classified

SECTION 13 NOTES:

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

UN No.	UN1230
Proper Shipping Name	Methanol Solution
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II

UN1230

TDG

UN No.



Proper Shipping Name	Methanol Solution
Hazard Class	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class	6.1
Packing Group	Ш

IATA

UN No.	UN1230
Proper Shipping Name	Methanol Solution
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II

IMDG/IMP

UN No.	UN1230
Proper Shipping Name	Methanol Solution
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II
EMS-No: F-E, S-E	

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

United States

HCS Classification: Flammable liquid, Toxic material, Irritating material, Target organ effects

U.S. Federal regulations:

TSCA 8(a) IUR: Partial exemption
United States inventory (TSCA 8b): Listed on inventory.
SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found.
SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found.
SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: No products were found.
SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification:
Hydrochloric Acid: Acute Health Hazard, Chronic health hazard
Methanol: Flammable liquid, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic health hazard
SARA 313 Form R - Reporting: The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313: METHANOL (CAS# 67-56-1)
DEA List I & II Chemicals

(Precursor Chemicals): List II - Hydrochloric Acid

RTK STATES: Methanol CAS 67-56-1, Hydrochloric Acid CAS 7647-01-0 CT, MA, NJ, PA, RI

California Prop. 65:

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Methanol, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to <u>www.P65Warnings.ca.gov</u>.

CANADA			
WHMIS (Canada):	Class B-2: Flammable Liquid		
	Class D-1A: Material causing immediate and toxic effects.		
	Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects.		
Canadian lists:	CEPA Toxic substances: The following components are listed: Volatile		
	Organic compounds		
	Canadian ARET: None of the components are listed.		
	Canadian NPRI: The following components are listed:		



CEPA DSL / CEPA NDSL:

All components are listed or exempted.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

International regulations International lists:

Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted. China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory: All components are listed or exempted. Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted. Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



DISCLAIMER: This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the Globally Harmonized System for the Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS). To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries makes any warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, expressed or implied, which respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. In no event shall Azer Scientific be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential or exemplary damages resulting from use of or reliance upon this information.

PREPARATION INFORMATION: Prepared 6/4/2015 Reviewed 11/30/2016 Reformatted and reviewed: 07/10/2017 06/14/2019: Updated Prop 65 statement REV1